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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
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10/803,822	03/18/2004	William Paul Cook	2003-0718.02/4670-271	7046	
7590 03/23/2006			EXAMINER		
LEXMARK INTERNATIONAL, INC.			KUMAR, RAKESH		
ATT: JOHN J. I	McARDLE, JR.				
740 WEST NEW CIRCLE ROAD			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
LEXINGTON,	KY 40550	3654			

DATE MAILED: 03/23/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)		
		10/803,822	COOK ET AL.		
Office Action S	iummary	Examiner	Art Unit		
		Rakesh Kumar	3654		
The MAILING DATE of Period for Reply	f this communication appe	ears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address		
A SHORTENED STATUTOR WHICHEVER IS LONGER, - Extensions of time may be available after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing of the properties of the state	FROM THE MAILING DA under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 ng date of this communication. we, the maximum statutory period wi ded period for reply will, by statute, than three months after the mailing	IS SET TO EXPIRE MONTH. TE OF THIS COMMUNICATION (6(a)). In no event, however, may a reply be to the standard of this communication, even if timely file.	N. imely filed n the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).		
Status					
•	2b)☐ This is in condition for allowan	/2006; Remarks. action is non-final. ce except for formal matters, p x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 4			
Disposition of Claims					
4) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-38</u> is/are p 4a) Of the above claim 5) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>31</u> is/are allo 6) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>7 and 8</u> is/ar 7) □ Claim(s) <u></u> is/are 8) □ Claim(s) <u></u> are so	n(s) <u>1-6 and 9-38</u> is/are wi wed. e rejected. objected to.	thdrawn from consideration. election requirement.			
Application Papers					
Applicant may not reque Replacement drawing s	on <u>08 March 2004</u> is/are: a est that any objection to the on theet(s) including the correction	r. a)⊠ accepted or b)⊡ objected drawing(s) be held in abeyance. S on is required if the drawing(s) is o aminer. Note the attached Offic	ee 37 CFR 1.85(a). bjected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).		
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 					
Attachment(s)					
Notice of References Cited (PTC2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Information Disclosure Statemer Paper No(s)/Mail Date	Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4) Interview Summa Paper No(s)/Mail 5) Notice of Informa 6) Other:	Date I Patent Application (PTO-152)		

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Final Rejection

- 1. Applicant's arguments filed 01/17/2006 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive for reasons detailed below.
- 2. Claims 1-6, 9-30 and 31-38 were cancelled by the applicant.
- 3. The prior art rejections are maintained or modified as follows:

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 5. Claims 7 and 8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kim (U.S. Patent Number 6,837,489) in view of Takagi et al. (U.S. Patent Number 4,986,525) in view of Park (U.S. Patent Number 6,648,322) and in further view of Matsuda (U.S. Patent Number 6,568,674).
- 6. Referring to claims 7 and 8. Kim discloses an apparatus comprising: a motor 70; a pick mechanism consisting of a clutch member 22, gears 21, 25, 11 and a pickup roller 10 operatively connected to the motor 70 (Figure 1 and 3), creating a feed nip

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region as the roller 10 engages the topmost media sheet in the media tray (Figure 1), the pick mechanism (gears 21, 25, 11 and a pickup roller 10) positioned to move a media sheet 1 from an input tray; a first gear train set 60' (gears 62, 61) having a first ratio and operatively connecting the motor 70 to the pick mechanism (gears 21, 25, 11 and a pickup roller 10); a feed nip created by a distribution roller 50 in contact with the media sheet 1 operatively connected to the motor 70 to receive the media sheet 1 and forward the media sheet 1 along a media path, the feed nip positioned downstream from the pick mechanism (gears 21, 25, 11 and a pickup roller 10); a second gear 80 (gears 81, 82, 83) set having a second gear ratio and operatively connecting the motor 70 to the feed nip created by a distribution roller 50 in contact with the media sheet 1; the motor 70 drives the pick mechanism along with a intermediate roller 110 used to maintain steady tension in the media sheet 1 as it is moved to the feed nip of the distribution roller.

Kim does not disclose positioning a feed nip a distance less than a length of the media sheet downstream from the pick mechanism, in addition Kim does not specifically disclose the pick mechanism to be operating at a first speed and the feed nip roller operating at a different second speed.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made, to reduce the distance between the pick mechanism and the feed nip to be less than the length of the media sheet, so a consistent level of tension in the media sheet is maintained in order to reduce media buckling and misalignment of the

media sheet as it is moved along the media path. Further more, Kim discloses a first and a second gear train disposed to transfer power to the pick mechanism and the feed nip roller. These two gear trains are different in configurations and by the number of gears comprising them, thus indicating that the rotational torque and speed transferred by the motor to the above mentioned mechanisms is construed and understood to be different. By maintaining different speeds at the two ends, tension in the media sheet can be maintained. Such a selection would be well within the level of skill of an artisan.

7. Takagi discloses a sheet feeder device comprising a swing arm 15 having a first gear 16 disposed on the first arm and a second gear 17 disposed on the second arm.

Gears 16 and 17 are free to rotate in conjunction with the pivotal gear 14 as a torque is transferred from motor M to feed roller 36 (Figure 2A-2B, Col 5 lines 23-29, Col 7 line 15). The swing arm 15 is positionable between a first orientation with the first gear 16 in contact with idler gear 19 and a second orientation with the second gear 17 in contact with idler gear 20. The swing of the swing arm 15 as shown by Takagi in figure 2A and 2B is understood and construed to be in a range between 0° to 45°.

Park discloses a paper feeder device comprising a movable first arm assembly 43 and a second arm assembly 46 consisting of multiple gears disposed on the arms. The first arm assembly 43 having an even number of gears (43a, 43b, 43c and 43d) and the second arm assembly having an odd number of gears (45, 45b, and 45c) (Figure 6 and 7).

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It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made, to modify Kim with the teachings of Park in view of Takagi and incorporate a movable swing arm consisting of an even number of gears on a first arm and odd number of gears on the second arm to further vary the rotational speed being transmitted from the motor 70 to the distribution roller 50 as disclosed by Kim. Further more, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to dispose the movable swing arm near a distribution roller as to engage the feed nip with either the first or the second gear to controllably vary the rotational speed of the distribution roller and maintain variable tension as the media sheet progress through the media path.

8. Matsuda discloses a feed apparatus comprising a metering nip created by aligning a discharge roller 23 with a driven roller 24 positioned downstream from the feed nip between rollers 11 and 24 and operating at a speed greater than the speed driving the feed nip rollers 11 and 24 (Figure 2 and 3). Matsuda also discloses the discharge roller 23 having a torsion spring clutch 43 to prevent a slip of the discharge roller 23 when the media sheet is in contact with both the metering nip and the feed nip (Col 5 line 39-60). Further more Matsuda discloses using a one way clutch in the pick roller gear 20 in the pick roller 1.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made, to modify Kim with the teachings of Park in view of Takagi with the teaching of Matsuda and incorporate a metering nip (roller 23, 24 in Matsuda) on the path beyond the distribution roller 50 in Kim, operating a speed higher than the

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distribution roller 50 as to prevent media paper slippage, when the media is moving between the feed nip and the metering nip. It addition a slip clutch mechanism may be disposed either in the metering nip rollers or the preceding distribution rollers to prevent a slippage of the rollers as the media sheet traveling at one speed enters a metering nip rotation at a different speed, in a manner a slip clutch can to disposed on the pick mechanism. Such a selection would be well within the level of skill of an artisan.

Allowable Subject Matter

9. Claim 31 is allowed.

Response to Arguments

10. Applicant's arguments that the prior art fails to teach the claimed features are unpersuasive.

In response to applicant's argument that the references fail to show certain features of applicant's invention, it is noted that the features upon which applicant relies (i.e., "the first and the second rollers can be in simultaneous contact with the media sheet) are not recited in the rejected claim(s). Although the claims are interpreted in light of the specification, limitations from the specification are not read into the claims. See *In re Van Geuns*, 988 F.2d 1181, 26 USPQ2d 1057 (Fed. Cir. 1993).

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11. Applicant's arguments, see page 4 line 26, filed 01/17/2006, with respect to claim31 have been fully considered and are persuasive. The rejection under 35 U.S.C 102(e) of 10/25/2005 has been withdrawn. See above.

- 12. Examiner has maintained the prior art rejections, statutory rejections and drawing objections as previously stated and as modified above.
- 13. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Conclusion

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14. Any references not explicitly discussed above but made of record are considered

relevant to the prosecution of the instant application.

15. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Rakesh Kumar whose telephone number is (517) 272-

8314. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:00AM - 4:30PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Kathy Matecki can be reached on (571) 272-6951. The fax phone number

for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the

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RK

March 17, 2006

Kathy Matecki

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